

Split System Heat Pump

RSH15xxS1A

Instruction Manual







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RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS AN INDICATION OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation, or operation. Failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service, or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury, or death.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance. This unit is only used outdoor.

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.p65Warnings.ca.gov

The manufacturer recommends installing only approved matched indoor and outdoor systems. All of the manufacturer's split systems are AHRI rated .Some of the benefits of installing approved matched indoor and outdoor split systems are maximum efficiency, optimum performance, and the best overall system reliability.

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1 KEY TO SYMBOLS AND SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 Key to Symbols

Warnings in this document are identified by a warning triangle. Keywords at the start of a warning indicate the type and seriousness of the ensuing risks arising from failure to take measures.

This symbol indicates important information where there is no risk to people or property.

The following keywords are defined and can be used in this document:

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor to moderate injury.

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

1.2 Safety

Important - This document contains a wiring diagram and service information. This is customer property and is to remain with this unit. Please return to service information pack upon completion of work.

This information is intended for use by individuals possessing adequate backgrounds of electrical and mechanical experience. Any attempt to repair a central air conditioning product may result in personal injury and/or property damage. The manufacturer or seller cannot be responsible for the interpretation of this information, nor can it assume any liability in connection with its use.

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE!

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death. Disconnect all electric power, including remote disconnects before service. Follow proper lockout /tagout procedures to ensure the power cannot be inadvertently energized.

REFRIGERANT OIL!

Any attempt to repair a central air conditioning product may result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death. These units use R-410a refrigerant which operates at 50% to 70% higher pressures than R-22. Use only R-410a approved service equipments. Refrigerant cylinders are painted a "Rose" color to indicate the type of refrigerant and may contain a "dip" tube to allow for chargi-

ng of liquid refrigerant into the system. All R-410A systems use a POE oil (VG74 or equivalent) that readily absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. To limit this 'hygroscopic" action, the system should remain sealed whenever possible. If a system has been open to the atmosphere for more than 4 hours, the compressor oil must be replaced. Never break a vacuum with air and always change the driers when opening the system for component replacement.

HIGH CURRENT LEAKAGE!

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death. The ground connection should be connected before connecting electrical supply.

SERVICE VALVES!

Failure to follow this warning will result in abrupt release of system charge and may result in personal injury and/or property damage. Extreme caution should be exercised when opening the Liquid Line Service valve. Turn valve stem counterclockwise only until the stem contacts the rolled edge. No torque is required.

BRAZING REQUIRED!

Failure to inspect lines or use proper service tools may result in equipment damage or personal injury. If using existing refrigerant lines make certain that all joints are brazed, not soldered.

CONTAINS REFRIGERANT!

Failure to follow proper procedures can result in personal illness or injury or severe equipment damage. Systems contain oil and refrigerant under high pressure. Recover refrigerant to relieve pressure before opening a system.

GROUNDING REQUIRED!

Failure to inspect or use proper service tools may result in equipment damage or personal injury. Reconnect all grounding devices. Make sure all parts of this product that are capable of conducting electrical current are grounded. If grounding wires, screws, straps, clips, nuts, or washers used to complete a path to ground are removed for service, they must be returned to their original position and properly fastened.

HOT SURFACE!

May cause minor to severe burning. Failure to follow this caution could result in property damage or personal injury. Do not touch the top of the compressor.

2 UNIT LOCATION CONSIDERATIONS

2.1 Unit Dimensions

Unit Dimensions							
Model	H(inches)	W(inches)	L(inches)				
18	24-15/16	23-5/8	23-5/8				
24/30	24-15/16	28	28				
36	33-3/16	28	28				
42/48/60/61	33-3/16	29-1/8	29-1/8				

Table 2-1

When mounting the outdoor unit on a roof, be sure the roof will support the unit's weight. Properly selected isolation is recommended to prevent sound or vibration transmission to the building structure.



Figure 2-1

2.2 Location Restrictions

Ensure the top discharge area is unrestricted for at least 60 inches above the unit.

Do not locate outdoor unit near bedrooms since normal operational sounds may be objectionable.

Position unit to allow adequate space for unobstructed airflow, wiring, refrigerant lines, and serviceability.

Maintain a distance of 24 inches between units.

24 inches clearance must be provided in front of the control box (access panels) and any other side requiring service.

Position unit where water, snow or ice from roof or overhang cannot fall directly on unit.

Position the outdoor unit a minimum of 12" from any wall or surrounding shrubbery to ensure adequate airflow.

See Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3

Cold climate considerations (heat pump only)

 \bigcirc NOTE

Precautions must be taken for units being installed in areas where snow accumulation and prolonged below-freezing temperatures occur.

- Units should be elevated 3-12 inches above the pad or rooftop, depending on local weather. This additional height will allow drainage of snow and ice melted during defrost cycle prior to its refreezing. Ensure that drain holes in unit base pan are not obstructed, preventing drainage of defrost water (Fig. 2-4).
- If possible, avoid locations that are likely to accumulate snow drifts. If not possible, a snow drift barrier should be installed around the unit to prevent a build-up of snow on the sides of the unit.



Figure 2-2



Figure 2-3



Figure 2-4

3 UNIT PREPARATION

3.1 Preinstallation

STEP 1 - Check for damage and report promptly any damage found to the unit (Fig.3-1).

STEP 2 - Instruments must be designed to install/ service R410A equipment.

- Gauge sets, hoses, refrigerant containers, and recovery system must be designed to handle the POE type oils.
- Manifold sets should be 800 PSIG high side and 250 PSIG low side.
- All hoses must have a 700 PSIG service pressure rating.
- · Leak detectors should be designed to detect R410A.
- Recovery equipments (including refrigerant recovery containers) must be specifically designed to handle R410A.
- Do not use a R22 TXV.



Figure 3-1

4 SETTING UP THE UNIT

4.1 Pad Installation

When installing the unit on a support pad, such as a concrete slab, consider the following:

- The pad must be at least 1-2" larger than the unit on all sides.
- The pad must be separate from any structure.
- The pad must be level.
- The pad must be high enough above grade to allow for drainage.
- The pad location must comply with National, State and Local codes.

♀ NOTE

These instructions are intended to provide a method to tie-down system to concrete slab as a securing procedure for high wind areas. Check Local Codes for tie-down methods and protocols.



Figure 4-1







5 REFRIGERANT LINE CONSIDERATIONS

5.1 Service Valve Connection Sizes

Models	Suction line connection	Liquid line connection
18/24/30/36	3/4	3/8
42/48/60/61	7/8	5/8

Table 5-1



Figure 5-1

5.2 Refrigerant Line Sizes

Models	Suction	Line	Liquid Line		
Wodels	optional	standard	optional	standard	
18/24/30/36	5/8	3/4	5/16		
42/48	3/4	7/8	1/2	3/8	
60/61	7/8	/8 1-1/8			

Table 5-2

5.3 Refrigerant Piping Limits And Required Refrigerant Line Length

		٦	otal eq	uivalen	t length	(Feet)	
Model	Liquid line	25	50	75	100	125	150
	(inches)	Μ	aximum	n vertic	al lengt	h(Feet)	
18	5/16	25	50	60	60	40	30
10	3/8	25	50	60	60	40	30
24	5/16	25	40	30	20	15	10
24	3/8	25	50	60	60	40	30
30	5/16	25	40	40	30	40	30
30	3/8	25	50	60	60	40	30
36	5/16	25	50	40	30	10	NA
30	3/8	25	50	60	60	40	30
42	5/16	25	23	4	N/A	NA	NA
42	3/8	25	50	43	36	30	24
48	1/2	25	50	56	55	40	30
-0	3/8	25	46	38	30	22	15
60/61	1/2	25	50	60	60	40	30
	3/8	25	50	56	44	32	20

Table 5-3

	0 1	Total suction line length					
Model	Suction	25	50	100	150		
	(inches)		Coeffic	cient			
10	5/8	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.90		
18	3/4	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.92		
0.4	5/8	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.90		
24	3/4	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.92		
20	5/8	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.90		
30	3/4	1.00	0.98	0.96	0.93		
36	5/8	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.90		
30	3/4	1.00	0.99	0.97	0.96		
42	3/4	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.93		
42	7/8	1.00	0.98	0.97	0.96		
48	3/4	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.92		
-0	7/8	1.00	0.98	0.97	0.96		
60/61	7/8	1.00	0.98	0.94	0.90		
00/01	1 1/8	1.00	0.99	0.98	0.97		

Table 5-4 Suction line length/size VS capacity multiplier

Using suction line larger than shown in chart will result in poor oil return and is not recommended. For example: the system capacity published in AHRI is 17800 Btu/h. This data is based on the AHRI test condition and 25 feet line set with standard suction tube size (3/4" tube). If you need to add the line set more than 25 feet or use the optional suction tube size, you need to recalculate the capacity with the coefficient in the table. For 50 feet line and 5/8" suction tube, the capacity will be 17800*0.97=17266 Btu/h.

Determine required line length and lift. You will need this later in Section 14.

Total Line Length = _____ Feet.

Total vertical Change(Lift) = _____ Feet.



Figure 5-2

5.4 Refrigerant Line Insulation

🖓 NOTE

The suction line must always be insulated. DO NOT allow the Liquid Line and Suction Line to come in direct (metal to metal) contact.



Figure 5-3

5.5 Existing Refrigerant Lines

If using existing refrigerant lines make certain that all joints are brazed, not soldered.

For retrofit applications, where the existing refrigerant lines will be used, the following precautions should be taken:

- Ensure that the size of the refrigerant lines is correct. Refer to Section 5.2 and Table 5-2.
- Ensure that the refrigerant lines are free of leaks, acid, and oil.

The manufacturer recommends installing only approved matched indoor and outdoor systems. All of the manufacturer's split systems are AHRI certified. Some of the benefits of installing approved matched indoor and outdoor split systems are maximum efficiency, optimum performance and the best overall system reliability.



Figure 5-3

6 REFRIGERANT LINE ROUTING

6.1 Precautions

♀ NOTE

Take precautions to prevent noise within the building structure due to vibration transmission from the refrigerant lines. For example:

- When the refrigerant lines have to be fastened to floor joists or other framing in a structure, use isolation type hangers.
- Isolation hangers should also be used when refrigerant lines are run in stud spaces or enclosed ceilings.
- Where the refrigerant lines run through a wall or sill, they should be insulated and isolated.
- Isolate the lines from all ductwork.
- Minimize the number of 90° turns.
- Use PVC piping as a conduit for all underground installations as shown in Figure 15. Buried lines should be keep as short as possible.
- The lines should not obstruct service access to the coil, air handling system or filter.
- Care must also be taken to isolate the refrigerant lines to minimize noise transmission from the equipment to the structure.

Comply with National, State, and Local codes when isolating linesets from joists, rafters, walls, or other structural elements.











Figure 6-3

7 REFRIGERANT LINE BRAZING

7.1 Braze The Refrigerant Lines

 Remove caps or plugs. Use a deburing tool to debur the pipe ends. Clean both internal and external surfaces of the tubing using an emery cloth.





2. Remove the pressure tap cap from both service valves.



Figure 7-2

3. Purge the refrigerant lines and indoor coil with dry nitrogen.



Figure 7-3

 Wrap a wet rag around the valve body to avoid heat damage and continue the dry nitrogen purge (Fig. 7-4).

Braze the refrigerant lines to the service valves.

Check liquid line filter drier's directional flow arrow to confirm correct direction of refrigeration flow (away from outdoor unit and toward evaporator coil) as illustrated. Brazing the filter drier to the Liquid Line.

Continue the dry nitrogen purge. Do not remove the wet rag until all brazing is completed.

♀ NOTE

Remove the wet rag before stopping the dry nitrogen purge.



Figure 7-4

5. Replace the pressure tap caps after the service valves have cooled.

Do not over tighten (between 40 and 60 inch-lbs. maximum).



Figure 7-5

8 REFRIGERANT LINE LEAK CHECK

8.1 Check For Leaks

1. Pressurize the refrigerant lines and evaporator coil to 150 PSIG using dry nitrogen.

150 PSIG



Figure 8-1

2. Check for leaks by using a soapy solution or bubbles at each brazed location.





Remove nitrogren pressure and repair any leaks before continuing.

9 EVACUATION

9.1 Evacuate the Refrigerant Lines and Indoor Coil

Do not open the service valves until the refrigerant lines and indoor coil leak check and evacuation are complete.

1. Evacuate until the micron gauge reads no higher than 350 microns, then close off the valve to the vacuum pump.



Figure 9-1

2. Observe the micron gauge. Evacuation is complete if the micron gauge does not rise above 500 microns in one (1) minute.

Once evacuation is complete turn off the vacuum pump and micron gauge, and close the valves on the manifold gauge set.



Figure 9-2

10 SERVICE VALVES

10.1 Open the Service Valves

Extreme caution should be exercised when opening the Liquid Line Service Valve. Turn counterclock wise until the valve stem just touches the rolled edge. No torque is required. Failure to follow this warning will result in abrupt release of system charge and may result in personal injury and /or property damage.

Leak check and evacuation must be completed before opening the service valves.

- 1. Remove Service Valve Cap (Fig. 10-1).
- 2. Fully insert hex wrench into the stem and back out counterclockwise until valve stem just touches the rolled edge.
- 3. Replace the valve stem cap to prevent leaks. Tighten finger tight plus an additional 1/6 turn.



11 ELECTRICAL - LOW VOLTAGE

11.1 Low Voltage Maximum Wire Length

Table 11-1 Defines the maximum total length of low voltage wiring from the outdoor unit to the indoor unit and to the thermostat.

24 Volts - Wire Size	Max. Wire Length
18 AWG	150 Ft.
16 AWG	225 Ft.
14 AWG	300 Ft.

Table 11-1

11.2 Low Voltage Hook-up Diagrams



Low Voltage connection must be made inside the outdoor unit case.



Figure 11-2

Notes: "-----"The electric auxiliary heat connection (optional).

- W :Electric auxiliary heat signal.
- W1 :The first Electric auxiliary heat signal.
- W2 :The second Electric auxiliary heat signal.



Figure 11-3

Notes: "----" The electric auxiliary heat connection (optional).

- W : Electric auxiliary heat signal, connect to the Electric auxiliary heat or the first Electric auxiliary heat.
 - W1 : The first Electric auxiliary heat signal.
 - W2 : The second Electric auxiliary heat signal.
 - Y2 : The second cooling signal, only for 61K HP system.
 - Y1 and Y2 of INDOOR UNIT : Only for 61K HP system.

Low Voltage line must be connected inside the outdoor unit case through control wiring channel on the right. High Voltage line must be connected through power wiring channel on the left. Mixed channel may result in personal injury.

1. During installation or maintenance, the tie of rubber ring on the electric control box shall not be cut with scissors. It can be untied by pressing the loose buckle. The tightening belt can be reused.





2. After installation or maintenance, the tie or rubber ring should be tightened, do not loose or discarded; the control box access panel must be installed and the screws must be tightened.





12 ELECTRICAL - HIGH VOLTAGE

12.1 High Voltage Power Supply

LIVE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS!

During installation, testing, servicing, and trouble shooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.

The high voltage power supply must agree with the equipment nameplate.

Power wiring must comply with National, State and Local Codes.

Follow instructions on unit wiring diagram located on the

12.2 High Voltage Disconnect Switch

Install a separate disconnect switch at the outdoor unit.

Field provided flexible electrical conduit must be used for high voltage wiring.



Figure 12-2

12.3 High Voltage Ground

13 START UP

13.1 System Start Up

- 1. Ensure Sections 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 have been completed.
- 2. Set System Thermostat to OFF.



Figure 13-1

3. Turn on disconnect to apply power to the indoor and outdoor units.



Figure 13-2

 Wait one (1) hour before starting the unit if compressor crankcase heater is used and the outdoor ambient temperature is below 70 °F.



Figure 13-3

5. Set system thermostat to ON.



14 SYSTEM CHARGE ADJUSTMENT

14.1 Charging: Weigh-In Method

Weigh-In method can be used for the initial installation, or anytime a system charge is being replaced. Weigh-In Method can also be used when power is not available to the equipment site or operating conditions (indoor/outdoor temperatures) are not in range to verify with the suction line pressure charging method.

Model	Factory Charge		plier for ength	
All models	The data on	5/16''	3/8''	1/2''
	nameplate	0.4 oz/ft	0.6 oz/ft	1.2 oz/ft

Table 14-1

♀ NOTE

The factory charge in the outdoor unit is sufficient for 15 feet of standard size interconnecting liquid line.

New Installations — Calculating additional charge for lineset greater than 15 feet.

1.	Total Line Length (ft)	=	(a)
2.	Standard Lineset (ft)	=	15 (b)
3.	(a) minus (b)	=	(c)
4.	Refrigerant Multiplier	=	(d)

- 5. Refrigerant Adder (c*d) = ____(e)*
- *If lineset is less than 15 feet, (e) = 0

Sealed-System Repairs — Calculating total system charge.

- 1. Total Line Length (ft) = ____(a)
- 2. Standard Lineset (ft) = <u>15</u> (b)
- 3. (a) minus (b) = ____(c)
- 4. Refrigerant Multiplier = ____(d)
- 5. Refrigerant Adder (c*d) = ____(e)*
- 6. Factory Charge (namplate) = ____(f)
- 7. Total System Charge (e+f) = _____

*If lineset is less than 15 feet, (e) = 0

The only mode approved for validating system charge is while in Cooling Mode. Outdoor temper -ature must be between $55^{\circ}F$ and $115^{\circ}F$ with Indoor Temperature kept between $70^{\circ}F$ and $80^{\circ}F$.

14.2 Suction Line Pressure Charging And Refrigerant Adjustment In Coiling (above 55°F outdoor temp.)

1. Check the outdoor ambient temperatures.

Suction line pressure (in cooling mode) is the only recommended method of charging above 55°F outdoor ambient temperatures.

For outdoor ambient temperatures below 55°F, use weigh-in charge method.

♀ NOTE

It is important to return in the spring or summer to accurately charge the system in the cooling mode when outdoor ambient temperature is above 55° F.



Figure 14-1

For best results the indoor temperature should be kept between 70° F to 80° F.



Figure 14-2

- 2. Ensure Sections 7, 8, 9, 10,11,12 and 13 have been completed.
- 3. Stabilize the system by operating for a minimum of 20 minutes.

At startup, or whenever charge is removed or added, the system must be operated for a minimum of 20 minutes to stabilize before accurate measurements can be made.



Figure 14-3

- Measured Suction Line Pressure = ____PSIG
- Outdoor Ambient Temperature = _____ °F
- Indoor Ambient Temperature = _____ºF
- Calculate Liquid Line Pressure = _____PSIG
- Measured Suction Line Temperature = _____°F



Figure 14-4

Design superheat with TXV

			Indoor Unit	Inlet DB/WB (°F)		
Outdoor DB (°F)	95/79	90/75	85/71	80/67	75/63	70/58
115	13	12	11	11	10	9
110	13	11	10	10	10	9
105	12	11	10	10	9	8
100	11	10	10	10	9	8
95	11	10	10	9	8	8
90	11	10	10	9	8	8
85	12	10	9	9	8	8
80	13	11	9	9	8	8
75	14	12	9	8	7	5
70	10	9	8	6	5	5
65	7	6	6	6	5	5
60	6	5	5	5	5	5
55	6	5	5	5	5	5

Design superheat with piston

			Indoor Unit	Inlet DB/WB (°F)		
Outdoor DB (°F)	95/79	90/75	85/71	80/67	75/63	70/58
115	16	11	6	5	5	5
110	18	13	8	5	5	5
105	20	15	10	5	5	5
100	23	17	13	7	5	5
95	25	20	15	9	5	5
90	27	22	17	12	5	5
85	29	24	19	14	8	5
80	25	20	16	11	7	5
75	22	18	14	9	5	5
70	22	18	13	8	5	5
65	21	17	13	8	5	5
60	20	16	12	7	5	5
55	19	15	11	5	5	5

Determine the final superheat value using total Line Length and Lift measured in 5.3 and the charts below



18K HP with TXV



30K HP with Piston



36K HP with TXV







48K HP with TXV



60K/61K HP with TXV



 Use the final superheat value, refrigerant temperature and pressure from STEP 4, to determine the proper suction gauge pressure using Table 14-1.

Example: Assume a 12° F final superheat value and suction temp of 58° F.

- 1. Locate 12° F final Superheat in Table 14-1.
- 2. Locate the Suction Temperarature (58° F) in the left column.
- 3. The Suction Gage Pressure should be approximately 133 PSIG. (This is the shown as the intersection of the Final Superheat column and the Suction Temperature row.

Design Superheat Value = ______ F

Superheat Correction = _____ °F

Final Superheat Value = _____ °F

R410A Refrigerant Superheat Chart											
Suction	1(+)	Final Superheat (°F)									
Suction Temp	6	8	10	12	16	18					
(°F)	0	-	3 10 12 14 16 Suction Gauge Pressure (PSI)								
40	105	101	97	93	89	86	82				
42	109	105	101	97	93	89	86				
44	114	109	105	101	97	93	89				
46	118	114	109	105	101	97	93				
48	123	118	114	109	105	101	97				
50	128	123	118	114	109	105	101				
52	133	128	123	118	114	109	105				
54	138	133	128	123	118	114	109				
56	143	138	133	128	123	118	114				
58	148	143	138	133	128	123	118				
60	153	148	143	138	133	128	123				
62	159	153	148	143	138	133	128				
64	164	159	153	148	143	138	133				
66	170	164	159	153	148	143	138				
68	176	170	164	159	153	148	143				
70	182	176	170	164	159	153	148				
72	188	182	176	170	164	159	153				

Table 14-1

6. Adjust refrigerant level to attain proper final superheat.

Add refrigerant if the measured superheat is higher than the final superheat value.

- Connect gages to refrigerant bottle and unit as illustrated (Fig. 14-5).
- Purge all hoses.
- Open bottle.
- Stop adding refrigerant when gas line pressure matches the Refrigerant Charging Chart.

Recover refrigerant if the measured superheat is lower than the final superheat value.



Figure 14-5

- 7. Stabilize the system.
- Wait 20 minutes for the system condition to stabilize between adjustments.

When the gas line pressure match the chart, the system is properly charged.

- Remove gages.
- Replace service port caps to prevent leaks. Tighten finger tight plus an additional 1/6 turn.





 Record system Information for reference Table 14-2. Record system pressures and temperatures after charging is complete.

Description	Value
Outdoor model number	
Measured Outdoor Ambient	°F
Measured Indoor Ambient	°F
Liquid Gage Pressure	PSIG
Suction Gage Pressure	PSIG
Suction Line Temperature	°F

Table 14-2

15 SYSTEM OPERATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

15.1 Compressor Crankcase Heater (CCH)

The crankcase heating start must meet two conditions:

A. Outdoor temperature < 37.4°F

B. At power up or if the compressor has been off for more than 3 hours $% \left({{{\rm{D}}_{\rm{B}}}} \right)$

The crankcase heating stop must meet the following condition:

Outdoor temperature >44.6°F or compressor starts.

15.2 Reversing Valve

Reversing valve energizes at the heating conditions, and cuts off at the cooling condition.

15.3 Protection Function

Reversing valve energizes at the heating conditions, and cuts off at the cooling condition.

- T3 = Outdoor Coil Temperature
 - T3>143.6°F, compressor stops working
 - T3< 125.6°F, compressor starts working T4 =
- Ambient Temperature

T4 < 5°F, compressor can't start

T4 > 10.4°F, compressor starts working

If $32^{\circ}F \le T4 \le 120^{\circ}F$, unit can operate in cooling

If $5^{\circ}F \le T4 \le 75^{\circ}F$, unit can operate in heating

♀ NOTE

When T4< 5°F, the outdoor unit would provide a signal to drive up the heater installed in the indoor unit.

• Discharge temperature protection

Discharge temperature > 239° F, compressor stops working.

Discharge temperature $< 167^{\circ}$ F, compressor starts working.

• High pressure protection

High pressure > 638 PSIG, compressor and outdoor fan motor stop working. High pressure < 464 PSIG, compressor and outdoor fan motor start working (3 minutes delay necessary).

 Low pressure protection Low pressure < 21 PSIG, compressor and outdoor fan motor stop working. Low pressure > 44 PSIG, compressor and outdoor fan motor start working (3 minutes delay necessary). ♀ NOTE

In stand-by status, the compressor will not start in low pressure protection. Within 30 minutes, if 4 protection cycles occur. The system will be locked. It will be restore after power cycle.

15.4 Defrost Mode

Manual defrost mode

When the switch SW3-1 is set to "ON", the system turns to the defrost mode. The defrost mode exits by the logic of shut-down conditions of defrost mode.

♀ NOTE

Once the manual defrost mode is finished, please turn the switch SW3-1 back to "off".

Start-up conditions of defrost mode

When SW3-3 switch is set to "ON" (Fig. 2-4), the mode will start up in any of the following conditions:

- Compressor operates and T3 < 32°F for a period of 30 minutes.
- T3 < 28.4°F and compressor operates for the first time after connected to the power source.
- When T3 < 28.4°F and the system is on standby for two hours continuously.

When SW3-3 switch is set to "OFF" (Fig. 14-6), the mode will start up in any of the following conditions:

- Compressor operates and T3 < 32 °F for a period of 60 minutes.
- T3 < 28.4 °F and compressor operates for the first time after connected to the power source.
- When T3 < 28.4 °F and the system is on standby for two hours.

Shut-down conditions of defrost mode:

The mode will shut down in any of the following conditions:

- The defrosted time lasts 10 minute.
- T3 ≥ 64.4°F and T4 ≥ 28.4°F.
- Compressor stops operating.
- T3 ≥ 64.4°F lasts 60 seconds when T4 < 28.4°F.



Figure 15-1

15.5 Two-stage Compressor (61K HP only)

The 61K HP Systems feature a Two-stage scroll compressor which is controlled by Y1 and Y2.

- Y1: 24VAC thermostat input for first stage operation of the unit.
- Y2: 24VAC thermostat input/output for second stage operation of the unit.

If the control receives a call for second-stage compressor operation Y2 in heating or cooling mode and the first-stage compressor output is active, the second-stage compressor solenoid output will be energized by the unit control system operation function.

The unit control de-energizes the second-stage compressor solenoid output immediately when the Y2 signal is removed or the first-stage compressor output is de-energized for any reason.

15.6 Temperature Sensor Resistance Table

Temperature °F	Resistance kΩ						
-4	106.73	37	29.87	78	10	119	3.69
-3	103.25	38	29.22	79	9.5	120	3.61
-2	99.89	39	28.19	80	9.26	121	3.53
-1	96.65	40	27.39	81	9.03	122	3.45
0	93.53	41	26.61	82	8.81	123	3.38
1	90.53	42	25.85	83	8.59	124	3.3
2	87.62	43	25.12	84	8.38	125	3.23
3	84.83	44	24.42	85	8.17	126	3.16
4	82.13	45	23.73	86	7.97	127	3.1
5	79.52	46	23.07	87	7.78	128	3.03
6	77.01	47	22.42	88	7.59	129	2.96
7	74.58	48	21.8	89	7.4	130	2.9
8	72.24	49	21.2	90	7.22	131	2.84
9	69.98	50	20.61	91	7.05	132	2.78
10	67.8	51	20.04	92	6.88	133	2.72
11	65.69	52	19.49	93	6.72	134	2.67
12	63.65	53	18.96	94	6.56	135	2.61
13	61.68	54	18.44	95	6.4	136	2.56
14	59.78	55	17.94	96	6.25	137	2.5
15	57.95	56	17.45	97	6.1	138	2.45
16	56.17	57	16.98	98	5.96	139	2.4
17	54.46	58	16.52	99	5.82	140	2.35
18	52.8	59	16.08	100	5.68	141	2.3
19	51.2	60	15.65	101	5.55	142	2.25
20	49.65	61	15.23	102	5.42	143	2.21
21	48.16	62	14.83	103	5.3	144	2.16
22	46.71	63	14.43	104	5.18	145	2.12
23	45.31	64	14.05	105	5.06	146	2.08
24	43.95	65	13.68	106	4.94	147	2.03
25	42.64	66	13.32	107	4.83	148	1.99
26	41.38	67	12.97	108	4.72	149	1.95
27	40.15	68	12.64	109	4.61	150	1.91
28	38.97	69	12.31	110	4.51	151	1.88
29	37.82	70	11.99	111	4.41	152	1.84
30	36.71	71	11.68	112	4.31	153	1.8
31	35.64	72	11.38	113	4.21	154	1.77
32	34.6	73	11.09	114	4.12	155	1.73
33	33.59	74	10.8	115	4.03	156	1.7
34	32.61	75	10.53	116	3.94	157	1.66
35	31.67	76	10	117	3.85	158	1.63
36	30.76	77	10	118	3.77	159	1.6

Table 15-1

15.7 Electrical Data Table

Model	18	24	30	36	42	48	60	61
Minimum circuit ampacity (A)	13	15.5	17.2	23	26.9	29.6	34.6	37.9
Maximum circuit protector (A)	20	25	30	40	50	50	60	60

15.8 Troubleshooting Table

SYSTEM FAULTS	HIGH NO. BOWER SUL	LICE TAGE WITH	COMPACE ONTROL	O.D. V. RONPHAN	10. BLOW CAPACITOR	CONTRUCT ON PAUL	LOW YOR CONVIN	CONTRUCTAGE WITH	21 TRANSPUT	THERMOST	LOW THOTOM A	STUCATAGETO	INTEL COMPRESS	REF. C. DENT UC.	RELINDERCHAN	EXCESSIONERCHT	NONCE EVAP. L	RECONDENSING	O.D. MR AL O.D. MINTES	IN TORONA ON	THUS AND STUCK SI	RESUPERING	PATE OIX ID MARTIN	RESTRICITO	SON CONTENTION	OHECK WILDEFELLING	LE SUNALVE LENTINE	DEFROST SENSOR UNIT	TATEM CONTROL	T3 TENT SENSOR DEF.	HPCINGS SENSOR US	SENSOR U	
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT																																	
Head Pressure Too High	C H																P P	P P	S S	Ρ	S			Ρ	S S								
Head Pressure Too Low	C H														S S	P P						S S	S S		S S	S S	S	P P			_	+	_
Suction Pressure Too High	С Н														S S		Ρ	Ρ					S S			P P		Ρ				_	
Suction Pressure Too Low	C H															P P				S	S		s s	Ρ	S S		S				_	_	_
Liquid Refrig. Floodback	C H															r				5	5	P P	5					P P					
(TXV)	С															Ρ				S	S	Ρ						Ρ			_	_	_
Compressor Runs Inadequate or No Cooling/Heating	H C H														S S	P P		S	S S				S S	P	S S	S S	S	S S				_	
ELECTRICAL		1	1	I				I							-								-	•			I	-					
Compressor & O.D. Fan Won't Start	C H	-						S	S S	P P	S S	Ρ	P P																S	S	S	S	S
Compressor Will Not Start But O.D. Fan Runs	С Н	-	P P		P P		_	s	_	_		P		P P	_	_	_			_	_		_			_				S	_	s	_
O.D. Fan Won't Start	С Н		P			P P						_																		S		_	
Compressor Hums But Won't Start					P P			s s	_	_	_			P P				_		_			_	_		_					-	-	_
I.D. Blower Won't Start	С Н	P P	-	S S			P P		s s	P P	s s		s s																				
DEFROST																																	
Unit Won't Initiate Defrost	C H																										P			P		S	
Defrost Terminates on Time	С Н		-								_					P														P	_	S	
Unit Icing Up	C H															P				S	S			S			P			P			
C- Cooling H - Heating P - Primary Causes S - Secondary Causes																																	

15.9 Fault Code Table

15.9.1 For 18K-60K HP System Fault code of motor driver module

i aui	Fault code of motor driver module								
LE	01 ERROR C	ODE	CONTENT						
 ☆	STEADY O	ON	NORMAL OPERATION						
₩	OFF		POWER SUPPLY FAILURE						
_	KEEP	2s ON 2s OFF	STANDBY						
₩	FLASHING		INTER INTEGRATED CIRCUIT						
		0.2s OFF	COMMUNICATION ERROR						
☆	1FLASH/C	YCLE	MOTOR CURRENT ERROR						

Fault code of main control module

LED	2 ERROR CODE	CONTENT
\\$	STEADY ON	NORMAL OPERATION
¥	OFF	POWER SUPPLY FAILURE
₩	1FLASH/CYCLE	T3 SENSOR FAILURE
☆	2FLASH/CYCLE	T4 SENSOR FAILURE
\$	3FLASH/CYCLE	LPC OPEN
墩	5FLASH/CYCLE	OFM FAILURE

15.9.2 For 61K HP System

Ķ	X	STEADY ON	NORMAL OPERATION
¥	F	OFF	DFC FAILURE
-X	¥	1FLASH	T3 SENSOR FAILURE
Ķ	¥	2FLASH	T4 SENSOR FAILURE OR HGS OPEN
-Č	¥	3FLASH	LPC OPEN
Ķ	¥	5FLASH	OFM FAILURE

16 WARRANTY

Assist owner with processing Warranty cards and/or online registration.

16.1 Maintenance

Dirt should not be allowed to accumulate on the indoor or outdoor coils or other parts in the air circuit. Clean as often as necessary to keep the unit clean. Use a brush, vacuum cleaner attachment or other suitable means.

The outdoor fan motor is permanently lubricated and does not require periodic oiling.

Refer to the furnace or air handler instructions for filter and blower motor maintenance.

The indoor coil and drain pan should be inspected and cleaned regularly to assure proper drainage.

♀ NOTE

It is unlawful to knowingly vent, release or discharge refrigerant into the open air during repair, service, maintenance or the final disposal of this unit. When the system is functioning properly and the owner has been fully instructed, secure the owner's approval.

16.2 Removing and Installing The Cover Plate

1. Before removing the cover plate of the electronic control box, please be note the screws 1 - 7 must be removed first.

2. When installing the back cover plate of the electric control box, please be noted the screws 1 and 3 must be installed as the last step to facilitate assembly and avoid damage the waterproof sponge .



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Somfort-Cire Century.

SE SERIES LIMITED WARRANTY

Congratulations on purchasing your new HVAC equipment.

Your unit automatically qualifies for the warranty coverage listed below provided you meet the warranty conditions.

YEAR 1 PRODUCT REPLACEMENT

If the heat exchanger, evaporator coil (packaged systems only), condenser coil, or compressor fails within the first year (365 days) after the date of installation to the original consumer for the original installation, the original purchase cost of the unit will be reimbursed to the authorized Comfort-Aire/ Century distributor who has received prior authorization from Comfort-Aire/Century for the failure. The owner is responsible for additional labor, freight, and miscellaneous charges. Units installed in a commercial application, defined as any application other than a residential/multifamily (personal, family or household) purpose, are not eligible for the one year product replacement.

LIMITED WARRANTY

All parts are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and materials for normal residential use and maintenance for five (5) years from the date of purchase by the original consumer for the original residential installation. The compressor and the heat exchanger are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and materials for normal residential use and maintenance for ten (10) years from the date of purchase by the original consumer for the original consumer for the original residential use and maintenance for ten (10) years from the date of purchase by the original consumer for the original residential installation.

LIMITED EXTENDED WARRANTY

When registered with Comfort-Aire/Century, the heat exchanger is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for twenty (20) years and all parts are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for ten (10) years from the date of purchase by the original consumer for the original installation.

DURATION OF WARRANTY

The warranty begins on the date of purchase by the original consumer (homeowner). The original consumer must retain a receipted bill of sale or invoice showing model and serial number as proof of the warranty period initiation.

CONDITIONS FOR WARRANTY COVERAGE

Unit must be properly installed and maintained by a licensed HVAC service provider in accordance with the installation, operation, and maintenance instructions provided with each unit. Unit cannot have been subjected to accident, alteration, improper repair, neglect/misuse, or force majeure. Proof of proper maintenance over the lifetime of the unit must be supplied. Performance cannot be impaired by use of any product not authorized by Comfort-Aire/Century, or by any adjustments or adaptations to components. Serial numbers and/or rating plate have not been altered or removed. Damage has not been a result of inadequate wiring or voltage conditions, use during brown-out conditions, or circuit interruptions. Unit remains in the original residential installation and is not transferrable. Unit was not purchased over the internet or at auction. Non-approved refrigerant and/or non-approved system additives will void this warranty.

WARRANTY EXCEPTIONS

The Limited Express Warranty does not cover costs associated with normal maintenance, utility usage, labor, shipping and handling, or collateral damage. It also does not cover any portion or component of the system that is not supplied by Comfort-Aire/Century, regardless of the cause of failure of such portion or component.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

There are no other express or implied warranties. Comfort-Aire/Century makes no warranty of merchantability and does not warrant that the unit is suitable for any particular purpose, building, room size, or condition except as specifically provided in this document. There are no other warranties, express or implied, which extend beyond the description in this document. All warranties implied by law are limited in duration to the five-year term of the Parts Warranty. Your exclusive remedy is limited to the replacement of defective parts. Comfort-Aire/Century will not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages caused by any defect in this unit. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state. Some states do not allow a limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts or do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. No warranties are made for units sold outside the continental United States and Canada. Your distributor or final seller may provide a warranty on units sold outside these areas. Comfort-Aire/Century will not be liable for damages if our performance regarding warranty resolution is delayed by events beyond our control including accident, alteration, abuse, war, government restrictions, strikes, fire, flood, or force majeure.



KEEP THIS INFORMATION AS A RECORD OF YOUR PURCHASE

Due to ongoing product improvements, specifications and dimensions are subject to change and correction without notice or incurring obligations. Determining the application and suitability for use of any product is the responsibility of the installer. Additionally, the installer is responsible for verifying dimensional data on the actual product prior to beginning any installation preparations.

Incentive and rebate programs have precise requirements as to product performance and certification. All products meet applicable regulations in effect on date of manufacture; however, certifications are not necessarily granted for the life of a product. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the applicant to determine whether a specific model qualifies for these incentive/rebate programs.



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